

COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR MODULATING PHYSIOLOGY OF
EPITHELIAL JUNCTIONAL ADHESION MOLECULES FOR ENHANCED
MUCOSAL DELIVERY OF THERAPEUTIC COMPOUNDS

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

5 Compositions and methods are provided that include a biologically
active agent and a permeabilizing agent effective to enhance mucosal delivery of the
biologically active agent in a mammalian subject. The permeabilizing agent
reversibly enhances mucosal epithelial paracellular transport, typically by modulating
epithelial junctional structure and/or physiology at a mucosal epithelial surface in the
10 subject. This effect typically involves inhibition by the permeabilizing agent of
homotypic or heterotypic binding between epithelial membrane adhesive proteins of
neighboring epithelial cells. Target proteins for this blockade of homotypic or
heterotypic binding can be selected from various related junctional adhesion
molecules (JAMs), occludins, or claudins. The permeabilizing agent is typically a
15 peptide or peptide analog or mimetic, often selected or derived from an extracellular
domain of a mammalian JAM, occludin or claudin protein.